

**Clinical trial results:****A Phase III, Randomized, Multicenter, Open-Label, Two-Arm Study to Evaluate the Pharmacokinetics, Efficacy, and Safety of Subcutaneous Administration of the Fixed-Dose Combination of Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab in Combination With Chemotherapy in Patients With HER2-Positive Early Breast Cancer****Summary**

EudraCT number	2017-004897-32
Trial protocol	GB DE ES BE CZ PL IT
Global end of trial date	02 June 2023

**Results information**

Result version number	v3
This version publication date	01 June 2024
First version publication date	10 July 2020
Version creation reason	

**Trial information****Trial identification**

Sponsor protocol code	WO40324
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**Additional study identifiers**

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT03493854
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-

Notes:

**Sponsors**

Sponsor organisation name	F. Hoffmann-La Roche, Ltd.
Sponsor organisation address	Grenzacherstrasse 124, Basel, Switzerland, CH-4070
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Notes:

**Paediatric regulatory details**

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	No
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No

Notes:

## Results analysis stage

Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	02 June 2023
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	No
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	02 June 2023
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

Notes:

## General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objective of this study was to demonstrate the non-inferiority of the Cycle 7 (pre-dose Cycle 8) serum trough concentration (C<sub>trough</sub>) of pertuzumab by subcutaneous (SC) injection within the pertuzumab and trastuzumab fixed-dose combination (FDC) SC compared with pertuzumab by intravenous (IV) infusion.

Protection of trial subjects:

This study is conducted in full conformance with the ICH E6 guideline for Good Clinical Practice and the principles of the Declaration of Helsinki, or the laws and regulations of the country in which the research is conducted, whichever affords the greater protection to the individual. All participants are required to read and sign an informed consent form prior to participation in the study.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	14 June 2018
Long term follow-up planned	Yes
Long term follow-up rationale	Efficacy, Safety
Long term follow-up duration	3 Years
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	Yes

Notes:

## Population of trial subjects

### Subjects enrolled per country

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Argentina: 8
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Belgium: 17
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Brazil: 27
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Canada: 7
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Czechia: 3
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	France: 27
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Germany: 29
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Italy: 35
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Japan: 41
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Korea, Republic of: 35
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Mexico: 21
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Poland: 61
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Russian Federation: 64
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Spain: 49
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Taiwan: 19
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Thailand: 9

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Ukraine: 21
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	United Kingdom: 22
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	United States: 5
Worldwide total number of subjects	500
EEA total number of subjects	221

Notes:

<b>Subjects enrolled per age group</b>	
In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	0
Children (2-11 years)	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0
Adults (18-64 years)	441
From 65 to 84 years	59
85 years and over	0

## Subject disposition

### Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

### Pre-assignment

Screening details:

A total of 607 patients were screened, 500 of whom were randomized.

### Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Randomised - controlled
Blinding used	Not blinded

### Arms

Are arms mutually exclusive?	Yes
<b>Arm title</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy

Arm description:

Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of dose-dense doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (ddAC) once every 2 weeks (Q2W) (given with granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF] support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel QW for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (AC) once every 3 weeks (Q3W) followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given intravenously (IV) for 4 cycles Q3W concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of pertuzumab IV and trastuzumab IV for a total of 18 cycles.

Arm type	Active comparator
Investigational medicinal product name	Pertuzumab
Investigational medicinal product code	RO4368451
Other name	Pertuzumab IV; Perjeta
Pharmaceutical forms	Concentrate for solution for infusion
Routes of administration	Intravenous use

Dosage and administration details:

Pertuzumab is administered as a fixed non-weight-based dose of 840-milligram (mg) intravenous (IV) loading dose and then 420-mg IV maintenance dose once every 3 weeks (Q3W).

Investigational medicinal product name	Trastuzumab SC
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	Trastuzumab and hyaluronidase-oysk; Herceptin Hylecta
Pharmaceutical forms	Solution for injection
Routes of administration	Subcutaneous use

Dosage and administration details:

After surgery (from Cycle 9 onwards), participants in Arm A will be allowed to switch from trastuzumab intravenous (IV) to trastuzumab subcutaneous (SC), at the discretion of the investigator, in the countries where trastuzumab SC is routinely used. For participants who switch, a fixed dose of 600 mg trastuzumab SC (irrespective of the patient's weight) will be administered in the adjuvant phase.

Investigational medicinal product name	Trastuzumab IV
Investigational medicinal product code	RO0452317
Other name	Herceptin
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion
Routes of administration	Intravenous use

Dosage and administration details:

Trastuzumab is administered as an 8-milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) intravenous (IV) loading dose and then 6-mg/kg IV maintenance dose once every 3 weeks (Q3W).

<b>Arm title</b>	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Arm description:	
Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of ddAC Q2W (given with G-CSF support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel once every week (QW) for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of AC Q3W followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. The fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given subcutaneously (SC) for 4 cycles (Q3W) concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of the FDC of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC for a total of 18 cycles.	
Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Fixed dose combination of pertuzumab and trastuzumab
Investigational medicinal product code	RO7198574
Other name	PH FDC SC
Pharmaceutical forms	Solution for injection
Routes of administration	Subcutaneous use

**Dosage and administration details:**

The fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab is administered subcutaneously (SC) at a fixed non-weight-based dose. A loading dose of 1200 mg SC pertuzumab and 600 mg SC trastuzumab is then followed by a maintenance dose of 600 mg SC pertuzumab and 600 mg SC trastuzumab once every 3 weeks (Q3W).

Number of subjects in period 1	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Started	252	248
Received at Least One Dose of Study Drug	252	248
Completed Neoadjuvant Phase	242	234
Completed Surgery	239	234
Completed Adjuvant Treatment Phase	209 <sup>[1]</sup>	217 <sup>[2]</sup>
Started Treatment-Free Follow-Up	247	241
Completed	223	219
Not completed	29	29
Consent withdrawn by subject	13	15
Death	12	13
Lost to follow-up	4	1

**Notes:**

[1] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: This number of subjects represents those who completed adjuvant treatment. Subjects who withdrew prematurely from treatment remained in the study by entering into the follow-up period.

[2] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: This number of subjects represents those who completed adjuvant treatment. Subjects who withdrew prematurely from treatment remained in the study by entering into the follow-up period.

## Baseline characteristics

### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy
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Reporting group description:

Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of dose-dense doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (ddAC) once every 2 weeks (Q2W) (given with granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF] support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel QW for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (AC) once every 3 weeks (Q3W) followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given intravenously (IV) for 4 cycles Q3W concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of pertuzumab IV and trastuzumab IV for a total of 18 cycles.

Reporting group title	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
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Reporting group description:

Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of ddAC Q2W (given with G-CSF support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel once every week (QW) for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of AC Q3W followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. The fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given subcutaneously (SC) for 4 cycles (Q3W) concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of the FDC of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC for a total of 18 cycles.

Reporting group values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy	Total
Number of subjects	252	248	500
Age categorical Units: Subjects			
In utero	0	0	0
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)	0	0	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0	0	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	0	0	0
Children (2-11 years)	0	0	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0	0	0
Adults (18-64 years)	219	222	441
From 65-84 years	33	26	59
85 years and over	0	0	0
Age Continuous Units: Years			
arithmetic mean	50.3	51.7	-
standard deviation	± 10.8	± 10.7	
Sex: Female, Male Units: Participants			
Female	250	248	498
Male	2	0	2
Ethnicity (NIH/OMB) Units: Subjects			
Hispanic or Latino	32	42	74
Not Hispanic or Latino	200	189	389

Unknown or Not Reported	20	17	37
Race (NIH/OMB)			
Units: Subjects			
American Indian or Alaska Native	10	10	20
Asian	54	51	105
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Black or African American	3	3	6
White	164	165	329
More than one race	2	3	5
Unknown or Not Reported	19	16	35
Randomization Stratification Factors: Hormone Receptor Status			
Hormone receptor status was based on central assessment of participant samples for estrogen receptor (ER) and progesterone receptor (PgR) negativity or positivity.			
Units: Subjects			
ER Negative and PgR Negative	97	96	193
ER Positive and PgR Positive	155	151	306
Unknown	0	1	1
Randomization Stratification Factors: Clinical Stage at Presentation			
Units: Subjects			
Stage II-IIIA	201	198	399
Stage IIIB-IIIC	51	50	101
Randomization Stratification Factors: Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy Regimen			
AC = doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide; ddAC = dose-dense doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide			
Units: Subjects			
ddAC Followed by Paclitaxel	120	120	240
AC Followed by Docetaxel	132	128	260

## End points

### End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy
Reporting group description:	
Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of dose-dense doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (ddAC) once every 2 weeks (Q2W) (given with granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF] support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel QW for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (AC) once every 3 weeks (Q3W) followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given intravenously (IV) for 4 cycles Q3W concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of pertuzumab IV and trastuzumab IV for a total of 18 cycles.	
Reporting group title	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Reporting group description:	
Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of ddAC Q2W (given with G-CSF support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel once every week (QW) for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of AC Q3W followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. The fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given subcutaneously (SC) for 4 cycles (Q3W) concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of the FDC of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC for a total of 18 cycles.	

### Primary: Trough Serum Concentration (Ctough) of Pertuzumab During Cycle 7 (Pre-Dose Cycle 8)

End point title	Trough Serum Concentration (Ctough) of Pertuzumab During Cycle 7 (Pre-Dose Cycle 8)
End point description:	
The observed pertuzumab trough serum concentration (Ctough) at Cycle 7 was assessed following 3 cycles of pertuzumab IV and trastuzumab IV or the fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC. The Per Protocol Pharmacokinetics (PK) analysis population includes all enrolled participants who adhered to the protocol. Exclusions from the Per Protocol PK analysis population were made for the following reasons: participants were missing the Ctough pre-dose Cycle 8 PK sample, participants with a Ctough sample collected with at least 2 days deviation from the planned date on Day 21 (i.e., before Day 19 or after Day 23), participants given a dose amount that deviated from the planned dose by >20% within 3 cycles (from Cycle 5), participants with a dose delay of more than 7 days, a subcutaneous injection site other than thigh was used, if the Cycle 8 pre-dose and post-dose samples were switched, and an assay error impacting Ctough measurement.	
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe:	
Pre-dose on Cycle 8, Day 1 (up to 21 weeks)	

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	203 <sup>[1]</sup>	206 <sup>[2]</sup>		
Units: micrograms per millilitre (µg/mL)				
geometric mean (geometric coefficient)	72.4 (± 34.1)	88.7 (± 33.6)		

of variation)

Notes:

[1] - Per Protocol PK analysis population

[2] - Per Protocol PK analysis population

## Statistical analyses

<b>Statistical analysis title</b>	Non-inferiority of Ctrough Pertuzumab SC vs. IV
Statistical analysis description:	
The null hypothesis was that the pertuzumab Arm A SC dose is inferior to the pertuzumab Arm B IV dose (i.e., the CtroughSC/CtroughIV geometric mean ratio of the SC dose of pertuzumab relative to the IV dose is not greater than 0.8).	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	409
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
Parameter estimate	Geometric Mean Ratio
Point estimate	1.22
Confidence interval	
level	90 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	1.14
upper limit	1.31

## Secondary: Ctrough of Trastuzumab During Cycle 7 (Pre-Dose Cycle 8)

End point title	Ctrough of Trastuzumab During Cycle 7 (Pre-Dose Cycle 8)
End point description:	
The observed trastuzumab trough serum concentration (Ctrough) at Cycle 7 was assessed following 3 cycles of pertuzumab IV and trastuzumab IV or the fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC. The Per Protocol Pharmacokinetics (PK) analysis population includes all enrolled participants who adhered to the protocol. Exclusions from the Per Protocol PK analysis population were made for the following reasons: participants were missing the Ctrough pre-dose Cycle 8 PK sample, participants with a Ctrough sample collected with at least 2 days deviation from the planned date on Day 21 (i.e., before Day 19 or after Day 23), participants given a dose amount that deviated from the planned dose by >20% within 3 cycles (from Cycle 5), participants with a dose delay of more than 7 days, a subcutaneous injection site other than thigh was used, if the Cycle 8 pre-dose and post-dose samples were switched, and an assay error impacting Ctrough measurement.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
Pre-dose on Cycle 8, Day 1 (up to 21 weeks)	

<b>End point values</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	203 <sup>[3]</sup>	206 <sup>[4]</sup>		
Units: micrograms per millilitre (µg/mL)				
geometric mean (geometric coefficient of variation)	43.2 (± 34.7)	57.5 (± 37.0)		

Notes:

[3] - Per Protocol PK analysis population

[4] - Per Protocol PK analysis population

## Statistical analyses

<b>Statistical analysis title</b>	Non-inferiority of Ctrough Trastuzumab SC vs. IV
Statistical analysis description:	
The null hypothesis was that the trastuzumab Arm B SC dose is inferior to the Arm A trastuzumab IV dose (i.e., the CtroughSC/CtroughIV geometric mean ratio of the SC dose of trastuzumab relative to the IV dose is not greater than 0.8).	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	409
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
Parameter estimate	Geometric Mean Ratio
Point estimate	1.33
Confidence interval	
level	90 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	1.24
upper limit	1.43

## Secondary: Percentage of Participants with Total Pathological Complete Response (tpCR), According to Local Pathologist Assessment

End point title	Percentage of Participants with Total Pathological Complete Response (tpCR), According to Local Pathologist Assessment
End point description:	
Total pCR (tpCR) was defined as eradication of invasive disease in the breast and axilla; that is, ypT0/is ypN0, according to the local pathologists' assessment. Pathologic response to therapy was determined at the time of surgery. The tpCR rate is the percentage of participants in the ITT population who achieved a tpCR. Participants with missing data for tpCR (i.e., do not undergo surgery or have an invalid pCR assessment) were included in the analysis and classified as non-responders. Rates of tpCR were calculated in each treatment arm and were assessed using the difference between the Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC and the Arm A: Pertuzumab IV and Trastuzumab IV tpCR rates and corresponding 95% Clopper-Pearson confidence intervals (CIs). The difference between the tpCR rates along with corresponding 95% Hauck-Anderson CIs were calculated. The lower bound of the CI will reliably reflect the largest tpCR difference that can be considered unlikely.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
Following completion of surgery (up to 33 weeks)	

<b>End point values</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)	59.5 (53.2 to 65.6)	59.7 (53.3 to 65.8)		

## Statistical analyses

<b>Statistical analysis title</b>	Difference in tpCR Rates SC vs. IV
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	500
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
Parameter estimate	Difference in tpCR Rate
Point estimate	0.15
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-8.67
upper limit	8.97

## Secondary: Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to Invasive Disease-Free Survival (iDFS; Excluding Second Primary Non-Breast Cancer [SPNBC]) Criteria

End point title	Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to Invasive Disease-Free Survival (iDFS; Excluding Second Primary Non-Breast Cancer [SPNBC]) Criteria
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### End point description:

iDFS (excluding SPNBC) is defined as the time from the first date of no disease (i.e., the date of primary surgery) to the first occurrence of one of the following events: ipsilateral invasive breast tumor recurrence; ipsilateral local-regional invasive breast cancer recurrence; distant recurrence; contralateral invasive breast cancer; or death attributable to any cause. Ipsilateral or contralateral in situ disease and SPNBC (including in situ carcinomas and non-melanoma skin cancers) will not be counted as progressive disease or relapse. The number analyzed at each landmark timepoint represents the number of participants who were remaining at risk for an event.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
At 1, 2, 3, and 4 years	

<b>End point values</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	239 <sup>[5]</sup>	234 <sup>[6]</sup>		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
1 Year (n = 219, 222)	96.07 (93.55 to 98.59)	97.37 (95.30 to 99.45)		
2 Years (n = 208, 205)	92.98 (89.66 to 96.30)	90.75 (86.98 to 94.52)		
3 Years (n = 194, 199)	90.71 (86.93 to 94.50)	89.86 (85.93 to 93.79)		
4 Years (n = 31, 23)	89.60 (85.54 to 93.65)	88.50 (84.34 to 92.66)		

Notes:

[5] - The analysis includes subjects who completed surgery.

[6] - The analysis includes subjects who completed surgery.

## Statistical analyses

<b>Statistical analysis title</b>	iDFS - Log Rank
Statistical analysis description:	
Descriptive analysis only	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	473
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other
P-value	= 0.5216
Method	Logrank
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.2
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.68
upper limit	2.11

## Secondary: Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to iDFS (Including SPNBC) Criteria

End point title	Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to iDFS (Including SPNBC) Criteria
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End point description:

Invasive disease-free survival (iDFS) including second primary non-breast cancer (SPNBC) is defined as the time from the first date of no disease (i.e., the date of primary surgery) to the first occurrence of one of the following events: ipsilateral invasive breast tumor recurrence; ipsilateral local-regional

invasive breast cancer recurrence; distant recurrence; contralateral invasive breast cancer; or death attributable to any cause. It also includes SPNBC as an event (with the exception of non-melanoma skin cancers and in situ carcinoma of any site). The number analyzed at each landmark timepoint represents the number of participants who were remaining at risk for an event.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
At 1, 2, 3, and 4 years	

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	239 <sup>[7]</sup>	234 <sup>[8]</sup>		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
1 Year (n = 218, 221)	95.63 (92.99 to 98.28)	96.94 (94.70 to 99.17)		
2 Years (n = 206, 202)	92.10 (88.60 to 95.60)	89.44 (85.44 to 93.43)		
3 Years (n = 191, 196)	89.39 (85.37 to 93.40)	88.54 (84.40 to 92.69)		
4 Years (n = 31, 23)	88.27 (84.01 to 92.53)	87.64 (83.35 to 91.93)		

Notes:

[7] - The analysis includes subjects who completed surgery.

[8] - The analysis includes subjects who completed surgery.

## Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	iDFS (+SPNBC) - Log Rank
Statistical analysis description:	
Descriptive analysis only	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	473
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other
P-value	= 0.5992
Method	Logrank
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.15
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.68
upper limit	1.97

## Secondary: Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to Event-Free Survival (EFS; Excluding SPNBC) Criteria

End point title	Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to Event-Free Survival (EFS; Excluding SPNBC) Criteria
End point description: Event-free survival (EFS) excluding second primary non-breast cancer (SPNBC) is defined as the time from enrollment to the first occurrence of one of the following events: breast cancer progression; breast cancer recurrence; or death from any cause. Ipsilateral or contralateral in situ disease and SPNBC (including in situ carcinomas and non-melanoma skin cancers) will not be counted as progressive disease or relapse. The number analyzed at each landmark timepoint represents the number of participants who were remaining at risk for an event.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe: At 1, 2, 3, and 4 years	

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
1 Year (n = 237, 235)	96.79 (94.60 to 98.98)	97.95 (96.18 to 99.73)		
2 Years (n = 224, 218)	92.29 (88.96 to 95.62)	91.67 (88.17 to 95.16)		
3 Years (n = 212, 209)	89.77 (85.96 to 93.57)	88.29 (84.21 to 92.37)		
4 Years (n = 191, 198)	88.47 (84.44 to 92.49)	86.57 (82.24 to 90.90)		

## Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	EFS - Log Rank
Statistical analysis description: Descriptive analysis only	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	500
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other
P-value	= 0.4844
Method	Logrank
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.2

Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.72
upper limit	1.98

## Secondary: Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to EFS (Including SPNBC) Criteria

End point title	Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to EFS (Including SPNBC) Criteria
End point description:	
Event-free survival (EFS) including second primary non-breast cancer (SPNBC) is defined as the time from enrollment to the first occurrence of one of the following events: breast cancer progression; breast cancer recurrence; or death from any cause. It also includes SPNBC as an event (with the exception of non-melanoma skin cancers and in situ carcinoma of any site). The number analyzed at each landmark timepoint represents the number of participants who were remaining at risk for an event.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
At 1, 2, 3, and 4 years	

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
1 Year (n = 236, 234)	96.38 (94.06 to 98.70)	97.54 (95.59 to 99.48)		
2 Years (n = 222, 215)	91.47 (87.98 to 94.96)	90.41 (86.69 to 94.14)		
3 Years (n = 209, 206)	88.53 (84.52 to 92.53)	87.04 (82.78 to 91.30)		
4 Years (n = 188, 196)	87.22 (83.02 to 91.43)	85.75 (81.31 to 90.18)		

## Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	EFS (+SPNBC) - Log Rank
Statistical analysis description:	
Descriptive analysis only	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy

Number of subjects included in analysis	500
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other
P-value	= 0.5474
Method	Logrank
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.16
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.71
upper limit	1.88

### Secondary: Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to Distant Recurrence-Free Interval (DRFI) Criteria

End point title	Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants Who Are Event-Free According to Distant Recurrence-Free Interval (DRFI) Criteria
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End point description:

The distant recurrence-free interval (DRFI) is defined as the time between randomization and the date of distant breast cancer recurrence. The number analyzed at each landmark timepoint represents the number of participants who were remaining at risk for an event.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

At 1, 2, 3, and 4 years

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
1 Year (n = 244, 239)	99.59 (98.80 to 100.00)	99.58 (98.77 to 100.00)		
2 Years (n = 231, 224)	95.88 (93.39 to 98.38)	95.37 (92.70 to 98.04)		
3 Years (n = 221, 216)	93.77 (90.72 to 96.82)	93.23 (90.02 to 96.43)		
4 Years (n = 212, 210)	92.49 (89.15 to 95.83)	91.92 (88.44 to 95.41)		

### Statistical analyses

<b>Statistical analysis title</b>	DRFI - Log Rank
Statistical analysis description:	
Descriptive analysis only	
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	500
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other
P-value	= 0.6291
Method	Logrank
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.17
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.61
upper limit	2.24

### Secondary: Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants in Overall Survival

End point title	Kaplan-Meier Estimate of the Percentage of Participants in Overall Survival
End point description:	
Overall survival is defined as the time from randomization to death from any cause. The number analyzed at each landmark timepoint represents the number of participants who were remaining at risk for an event.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
At 1, 2, 3, and 4 years	

<b>End point values</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
1 Year (n = 245, 240)	99.60 (98.82 to 100.00)	99.19 (98.06 to 100.00)		
2 Years (n = 241, 230)	98.38 (96.80 to 99.95)	96.68 (94.42 to 98.94)		
3 Years (n = 232, 226)	96.73 (94.50 to 98.96)	95.83 (93.30 to 98.36)		
4 Years (n = 223, 221)	95.47 (92.86 to 98.09)	94.13 (91.14 to 97.11)		

## Statistical analyses

<b>Statistical analysis title</b>	OS - Log Rank
Comparison groups	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy v Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
Number of subjects included in analysis	500
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other
P-value	= 0.5609
Method	Logrank
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.26
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.58
upper limit	2.72

## Secondary: Summary of the Number of Participants With at Least One Adverse Event, Severity Determined According to National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events, version 4.0 (NCI CTCAE v4.0), Over the Course of the Entire Study

End point title	Summary of the Number of Participants With at Least One Adverse Event, Severity Determined According to National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events, version 4.0 (NCI CTCAE v4.0), Over the Course of the Entire Study
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### End point description:

The adverse event (AE) severity grading scale for the NCI CTCAE v4.0 was used for assessing AE severity. Any AEs that were not specifically listed in the NCI CTCAE, v4.0 were graded per the following 5 grades: Grade 1 = mild; asymptomatic or mild symptoms; clinical or diagnostic observations only; or intervention not indicated. Grade 2 = moderate; minimal, local, or non-invasive intervention indicated; or limiting age-appropriate instrumental activities of daily living. Grade 3 = severe or medically significant, but not immediately life-threatening; hospitalization or prolongation of hospitalization indicated; disabling; or limiting self-care activities of daily living. Grade 4 = life-threatening consequences or urgent intervention indicated. Grade 5 = death related to AE. The terms "severe" and "serious" are not synonymous and are independently assessed for each AE. Multiple occurrences of AEs were counted only once per participant at the highest (worst) grade.

End point type	Secondary
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### End point timeframe:

From Baseline until end of study (up to 5.5 years)

<b>End point values</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Participants				
Any Adverse Event (AE): Any Grade	251	248		
AE with Fatal Outcome (Grade 5)	2	2		
Any AE: Grades 3 to 5	149	132		
Serious AE	52	49		
Related Serious AE	29	29		
Anaphylaxis and Hypersensitivity AEs, Any Grade	3	3		
Anaphylaxis and Hypersensitivity AEs, Grade ≥3	1	0		
Infusion/Admin.-Rel. Reactions in 24 hrs, Any Gr.	39	54		
Infusion/Admin.-Rel. Reactions in 24 hrs, Gr. ≥3	3	0		
Serious Rash/Skin Reactions, Any Grade	0	1		
Serious Rash/Skin Reactions, Grade ≥3	0	0		
Diarrhoea, Any Grade	149	153		
Diarrhoea, Grade ≥3	13	16		
Cardiac Dysfunction, Any Grade	65	52		
Cardiac Dysfunction, Grade ≥3	12	3		
Interstitial Lung Disease, Any Grade	3	5		
Interstitial Lung Disease, Grade ≥3	0	0		
Neutropenia/Febrile Neutropenia, Any Grade	142	123		
Neutropenia/Febrile Neutropenia, Grade ≥3	92	82		
Serious Mucositis, Any Grade	3	3		
Serious Mucositis, Grade ≥3	3	2		
Pregnancy- and Neonatal-Related AEs, Any Grade	0	0		
AE Leading to Study Drug Discontinuation	32	22		
AE Leading to Anti-HER2 Therapy Discontinuation	15	12		
AE Leading to Any Chemo. Drug Discontinuation	23	14		

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Number of Participants With a Primary Cardiac Event During the Neoadjuvant Phase

End point title	Number of Participants With a Primary Cardiac Event During the Neoadjuvant Phase
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End point description:

A primary cardiac event is defined as the occurrence of either of the following events: - Incidence of a symptomatic ejection fraction decrease (heart failure) of New York Heart Association (NYHA) Class III or IV and a drop in left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of at least 10-percentage points from baseline and to below 50%; or - Cardiac death, defined as: Definite cardiac death (due to heart failure, myocardial infarction, or documented primary arrhythmia); or, Probable cardiac death (sudden unexpected death within 24 hours of a definite or probable cardiac event [e.g., syncope, cardiac arrest, chest pain, infarction, arrhythmia] without documented etiology).

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

From first dose of study treatment until the completion of neoadjuvant therapy (24 weeks)

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Participants				
Any Primary Cardiac Event	0	2		
Heart Failure and Significant LVEF Decline	0	1		
Cardiac Death (Definite or Probable)	0	1		

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Number of Participants With a Secondary Cardiac Event During the Neoadjuvant Phase

End point title	Number of Participants With a Secondary Cardiac Event During the Neoadjuvant Phase
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End point description:

A secondary cardiac event is defined as asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD) of NYHA Class II, defined as a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) decrease of at least 10-percentage points below the baseline measurement to an absolute LVEF value of <50% confirmed by a second assessment within approximately 3 weeks

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

From first dose of study treatment until the completion of neoadjuvant therapy (24 weeks)

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Participants				
Any Secondary Cardiac Event	4	1		
Identified by Initial LVEF Assessments	4	1		
Confirmed by Second LVEF Assessment	1	1		

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Number of Participants With a Primary Cardiac Event During the Adjuvant Phase

End point title	Number of Participants With a Primary Cardiac Event During the Adjuvant Phase
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End point description:

A primary cardiac event is defined as the occurrence of either of the following events: - Incidence of a symptomatic ejection fraction decrease (heart failure) of New York Heart Association (NYHA) Class III or IV and a drop in left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of at least 10-percentage points from baseline and to below 50%; or - Cardiac death, defined as: Definite cardiac death (due to heart failure, myocardial infarction, or documented primary arrhythmia); or, Probable cardiac death (sudden unexpected death within 24 hours of a definite or probable cardiac event [e.g., syncope, cardiac arrest, chest pain, infarction, arrhythmia] without documented etiology).

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

From surgery until 28 days after the last dose of adjuvant treatment (42 weeks)

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Participants				
Any Primary Cardiac Event	1	2		
Heart Failure and Significant LVEF Decline	1	2		
Cardiac Death (Definite or Probable)	1	0		

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Number of Participants With a Secondary Cardiac Event During the Adjuvant

End point title	Number of Participants With a Secondary Cardiac Event During the Adjuvant
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End point description:

A secondary cardiac event is defined as asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD) of NYHA Class II, defined as a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) decrease of at least 10-percentage points below the baseline measurement to an absolute LVEF value of <50% confirmed by a second assessment within approximately 3 weeks.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

From surgery until 28 days after the last dose of adjuvant treatment (42 weeks)

End point values	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Participants				
Any Secondary Cardiac Event	15	8		
Identified by Initial LVEF Assessment	15	8		
Confirmed by Second LVEF Assessment	0	0		

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Number of Participants with Laboratory Test Abnormalities at the Highest NCI CTCAE v4 Grade Post-Baseline Over the Course of the Entire Study

End point title	Number of Participants with Laboratory Test Abnormalities at the Highest NCI CTCAE v4 Grade Post-Baseline Over the Course of the Entire Study
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End point description:

Clinical laboratory tests were performed at local laboratories; any abnormal values (High or Low) were based on local laboratory normal ranges. Laboratory abnormalities are presented by the highest (worst) severity grade (according to NCI-CTCAE v4.0) post-baseline. Not every abnormal laboratory value qualified as an adverse event, only if it met any of the following criteria: clinically significant (per investigator); accompanied by clinical symptoms; resulted in a change in study treatment; or required a medical intervention or a change in concomitant therapy. For a participant with multiple post-baseline abnormalities, only the highest (worst) grade for a given laboratory test is reported. 'Any Grade' indicates the total number of participants with a post-baseline abnormality of any grade for the specified test.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

From first dose of study treatment until 28 days after last dose of study treatment (up to 1 year, 5 months)

<b>End point values</b>	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	252	248		
Units: Participants				
Albumin, Low - Any Grade (n=251,247)	50	39		
Albumin, Low - Grade 1 (n=251,247)	41	34		
Albumin, Low - Grade 2 (n=251,247)	8	5		
Albumin, Low - Grade 3 (n=251,247)	1	0		
Alkaline Phosphatase, High - Any Grade (n=234,225)	80	71		
Alkaline Phosphatase, High - Grade 1 (n=234,225)	78	70		
Alkaline Phosphatase, High - Grade 2 (n=234,225)	2	1		
SGPT/ALT, High - Any Grade	172	149		
SGPT/ALT, High - Grade 1	145	132		
SGPT/ALT, High - Grade 2	18	13		
SGPT/ALT, High - Grade 3	9	4		
SGOT/AST, High - Any Grade	149	130		
SGOT/AST, High - Grade 1	137	125		
SGOT/AST, High - Grade 2	7	3		
SGOT/AST, High - Grade 3	5	2		
Creatinine, High - Any Grade	225	217		
Creatinine, High - Grade 1	214	204		
Creatinine, High - Grade 2	9	13		
Creatinine, High - Grade 3	2	0		
Glucose, Low - Any Grade (n=251,247)	23	22		
Glucose, Low - Grade 1 (n=251,247)	20	22		
Glucose, Low - Grade 2 (n=251,247)	3	0		
Glucose, High - Any Grade (n=251,247)	3	4		
Glucose, High - Grade 3 (n=251,247)	3	4		
Hemoglobin, Low - Any Grade	233	223		
Hemoglobin, Low - Grade 1	129	139		
Hemoglobin, Low - Grade 2	93	77		
Hemoglobin, Low - Grade 3	11	7		
Hemoglobin, High - Any Grade	12	6		
Hemoglobin, High - Grade 1	12	6		
Lymphocytes, Abs., Low -Any Grade (n=163,167)	144	150		
Lymphocytes, Abs., Low - Grade 1 (n=163,167)	23	22		
Lymphocytes, Abs., Low - Grade 2 (n=163,167)	59	68		
Lymphocytes, Abs., Low - Grade 3 (n=163,167)	55	56		
Lymphocytes, Abs., Low - Grade 4 (n=163,167)	7	4		

Lymphocytes, Abs., High - Any Grade (n=163,167)	4	3		
Lymphocytes, Abs., High - Grade 2 (n=163,167)	4	3		
Neutrophils, Total,Abs., Low -Any Grade(n=163,167)	110	114		
Neutrophils, Total,Abs., Low - Grade 1(n=163,167)	27	42		
Neutrophils, Total,Abs., Low - Grade 2(n=163,167)	30	23		
Neutrophils, Total,Abs., Low - Grade 3(n=163,167)	17	24		
Neutrophils, Total,Abs., Low - Grade 4(n=163,167)	36	25		
Platelets, Low - Any Grade	72	67		
Platelets, Low - Grade 1	68	65		
Platelets, Low - Grade 2	3	2		
Platelets, Low - Grade 3	1	0		
Potassium, Low - Any Grade	45	41		
Potassium, Low - Grade 2	38	28		
Potassium, Low - Grade 3	6	11		
Potassium, Low - Grade 4	1	2		
Potassium, High - Any Grade	24	32		
Potassium, High - Grade 1	17	26		
Potassium, High - Grade 2	7	3		
Potassium, High - Grade 3	0	2		
Potassium, High - Grade 4	0	1		
Sodium, Low - Any Grade	27	33		
Sodium, Low - Grade 1	22	32		
Sodium, Low - Grade 3	4	0		
Sodium, Low - Grade 4	1	1		
Sodium, High - Any Grade	25	16		
Sodium, High - Grade 1	19	13		
Sodium, High - Grade 2	4	1		
Sodium, High - Grade 3	0	1		
Sodium, High - Grade 4	2	1		
Bilirubin, High - Any Grade	24	22		
Bilirubin, High - Grade 1	16	17		
Bilirubin, High - Grade 2	7	5		
Bilirubin, High - Grade 3	1	0		
Total Leukocyte Count, Low - Any Grade	199	203		
Total Leukocyte Count, Low - Grade 1	57	64		
Total Leukocyte Count, Low - Grade 2	81	78		
Total Leukocyte Count, Low - Grade 3	41	43		
Total Leukocyte Count, Low - Grade 4	20	18		
Total Leukocyte Count, High - Any Grade	0	1		
Total Leukocyte Count, High - Grade 1	0	1		

## Statistical analyses



## Adverse events

### Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Adverse events (AEs): From first dose of study treatment until 28 days after last dose of study treatment (up to 1 year, 5 months); All-cause mortality: From first dose of study treatment until end of follow-up (up to 4 years, 11.5 months)

Adverse event reporting additional description:

After initiation of study drug, all AEs were reported until 28 days after the last dose of study drug. After this period, only drug-related serious AEs, heart failure, pregnancies, and malignancies were reported.

Assessment type	Systematic
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### Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
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Dictionary version	26.0
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### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy
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Reporting group description:

Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of ddAC Q2W (given with G-CSF support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel once every week (QW) for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of AC Q3W followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. The fixed-dose combination (FDC) of pertuzumab and trastuzumab was given subcutaneously (SC) for 4 cycles (Q3W) concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of the FDC of pertuzumab and trastuzumab SC for a total of 18 cycles.

Reporting group title	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy
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Reporting group description:

Participants received 8 cycles of investigator's choice of neoadjuvant chemotherapy. This included either: 1) 4 cycles of dose-dense doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (ddAC) once every 2 weeks (Q2W) (given with granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF] support as needed according to local guidelines) followed by paclitaxel QW for 12 weeks; or 2) 4 cycles of doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide (AC) once every 3 weeks (Q3W) followed by docetaxel Q3W for 4 cycles. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab were given intravenously (IV) for 4 cycles Q3W concurrently with the taxane component of chemotherapy. After completing their neoadjuvant therapy, participants underwent surgery. Thereafter, participants received an additional 14 cycles of pertuzumab IV and trastuzumab IV for a total of 18 cycles.

Serious adverse events	Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy	Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy	
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	49 / 248 (19.76%)	52 / 252 (20.63%)	
number of deaths (all causes)	14	12	
number of deaths resulting from adverse events	2	2	
Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)			
Pancreatic carcinoma			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Angiosarcoma			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Clear cell renal cell carcinoma			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Endometrial cancer			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Thyroid cancer			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastric cancer stage I			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastric cancer			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Vascular disorders			
Haematoma			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Iliac artery occlusion			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Hypertension			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Embolism			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
General disorders and administration site conditions			
Mucosal inflammation			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Chest pain			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pyrexia			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 248 (0.81%)	3 / 252 (1.19%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 2	0 / 4	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Lithiasis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Death			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
Fatigue			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Reproductive system and breast disorders			

Intermenstrual bleeding			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Breast haematoma			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Breast inflammation			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Uterine haemorrhage			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders			
Pulmonary embolism			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 248 (0.81%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Dyspnoea			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pneumothorax			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pneumonitis			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 248 (0.81%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	2 / 2	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Pulmonary oedema			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Acute respiratory failure			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Psychiatric disorders			
Depression			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Investigations			
Neutrophil count decreased			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 248 (1.21%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	3 / 3	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Clostridium test positive			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
White blood cell count decreased			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications			
Flap necrosis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Post procedural haematoma			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Femur fracture			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Infusion related reaction			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	2 / 252 (0.79%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	3 / 3	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Post procedural haemorrhage			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cardiac disorders			
Arrhythmia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cardiomyopathy			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cardiac failure			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 248 (1.61%)	6 / 252 (2.38%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	5 / 5	6 / 6	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
Acute myocardial infarction			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
Nervous system disorders			

Seizure			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Syncope			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Blood and lymphatic system disorders			
Anaemia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Immune thrombocytopenia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Febrile neutropenia			
subjects affected / exposed	9 / 248 (3.63%)	10 / 252 (3.97%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	9 / 9	10 / 11	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Neutropenia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	3 / 252 (1.19%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	3 / 3	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Colitis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Diarrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	2 / 252 (0.79%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	1 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Gastritis haemorrhagic			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Anal incontinence			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastrointestinal toxicity			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Vomiting			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pancreatitis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Abdominal pain			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders			
Erythema			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Renal and urinary disorders			
Renal failure			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Endocrine disorders			
Goitre			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders			
Periostitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Infections and infestations			
Clostridium difficile colitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cellulitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pyelonephritis acute			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Gastroenteritis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Appendicitis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Urosepsis			

subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
Pneumonia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	3 / 252 (1.19%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 3	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Mastitis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	2 / 252 (0.79%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	1 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Herpes zoster			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Postoperative wound infection			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	2 / 252 (0.79%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Neutropenic sepsis			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 248 (1.21%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	4 / 4	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Laryngopharyngitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Influenza			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Sepsis			

subjects affected / exposed	2 / 248 (0.81%)	2 / 252 (0.79%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 2	2 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Skin infection			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Anal abscess			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Escherichia bacteraemia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Postoperative abscess			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pseudomonas infection			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Lower respiratory tract infection			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 248 (0.40%)	0 / 252 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Respiratory tract infection			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 248 (0.00%)	1 / 252 (0.40%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

<b>Non-serious adverse events</b>	<b>Arm B: Pertuzumab and Trastuzumab FDC SC + Chemotherapy</b>	<b>Arm A: Pertuzumab IV + Trastuzumab IV + Chemotherapy</b>	
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	248 / 248 (100.00%)	251 / 252 (99.60%)	
Vascular disorders			
Hypertension			
subjects affected / exposed	12 / 248 (4.84%)	16 / 252 (6.35%)	
occurrences (all)	13	19	
Hot flush			
subjects affected / exposed	41 / 248 (16.53%)	39 / 252 (15.48%)	
occurrences (all)	44	44	
General disorders and administration site conditions			
Asthenia			
subjects affected / exposed	79 / 248 (31.85%)	84 / 252 (33.33%)	
occurrences (all)	160	142	
Mucosal inflammation			
subjects affected / exposed	39 / 248 (15.73%)	49 / 252 (19.44%)	
occurrences (all)	53	66	
Oedema			
subjects affected / exposed	6 / 248 (2.42%)	13 / 252 (5.16%)	
occurrences (all)	6	13	
Pyrexia			
subjects affected / exposed	32 / 248 (12.90%)	41 / 252 (16.27%)	
occurrences (all)	41	56	
Fatigue			
subjects affected / exposed	71 / 248 (28.63%)	62 / 252 (24.60%)	
occurrences (all)	113	114	
Injection site reaction			
subjects affected / exposed	40 / 248 (16.13%)	2 / 252 (0.79%)	
occurrences (all)	174	2	
Influenza like illness			
subjects affected / exposed	15 / 248 (6.05%)	11 / 252 (4.37%)	
occurrences (all)	21	17	

Oedema peripheral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	23 / 248 (9.27%) 25	26 / 252 (10.32%) 28	
Malaise subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	14 / 248 (5.65%) 20	16 / 252 (6.35%) 20	
Reproductive system and breast disorders Breast pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	15 / 248 (6.05%) 17	13 / 252 (5.16%) 13	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Epistaxis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	31 / 248 (12.50%) 36	37 / 252 (14.68%) 43	
Dyspnoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	29 / 248 (11.69%) 32	15 / 252 (5.95%) 18	
Oropharyngeal pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	15 / 248 (6.05%) 16	14 / 252 (5.56%) 21	
Rhinorrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	17 / 248 (6.85%) 22	13 / 252 (5.16%) 15	
Cough subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	41 / 248 (16.53%) 44	40 / 252 (15.87%) 43	
Psychiatric disorders Insomnia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	44 / 248 (17.74%) 50	35 / 252 (13.89%) 45	
Anxiety subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	15 / 248 (6.05%) 17	8 / 252 (3.17%) 8	
Investigations Neutrophil count decreased			

subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	40 / 248 (16.13%) 97	54 / 252 (21.43%) 141	
Weight decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	26 / 248 (10.48%) 27	15 / 252 (5.95%) 16	
Ejection fraction decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	16 / 248 (6.45%) 17	24 / 252 (9.52%) 28	
Aspartate aminotransferase increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	29 / 248 (11.69%) 37	40 / 252 (15.87%) 54	
White blood cell count decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	19 / 248 (7.66%) 58	35 / 252 (13.89%) 108	
Alanine aminotransferase increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	39 / 248 (15.73%) 50	50 / 252 (19.84%) 61	
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications Radiation skin injury subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	50 / 248 (20.16%) 51	54 / 252 (21.43%) 55	
Infusion related reaction subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	9 / 248 (3.63%) 9	36 / 252 (14.29%) 53	
Procedural pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	29 / 248 (11.69%) 31	25 / 252 (9.92%) 26	
Nervous system disorders Peripheral sensory neuropathy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	42 / 248 (16.94%) 45	40 / 252 (15.87%) 44	
Neuropathy peripheral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	33 / 248 (13.31%) 38	40 / 252 (15.87%) 53	
Paraesthesia			

subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	25 / 248 (10.08%) 30	23 / 252 (9.13%) 26	
Dysgeusia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	43 / 248 (17.34%) 53	35 / 252 (13.89%) 45	
Dizziness subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	34 / 248 (13.71%) 39	32 / 252 (12.70%) 39	
Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	45 / 248 (18.15%) 72	68 / 252 (26.98%) 84	
Blood and lymphatic system disorders			
Anaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	90 / 248 (36.29%) 117	109 / 252 (43.25%) 148	
Leukopenia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	25 / 248 (10.08%) 42	36 / 252 (14.29%) 58	
Neutropenia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	58 / 248 (23.39%) 109	64 / 252 (25.40%) 119	
Eye disorders			
Dry eye subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	14 / 248 (5.65%) 14	9 / 252 (3.57%) 11	
Lacrimation increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	14 / 248 (5.65%) 15	14 / 252 (5.56%) 15	
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Dyspepsia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	35 / 248 (14.11%) 42	31 / 252 (12.30%) 34	
Stomatitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	63 / 248 (25.40%) 85	61 / 252 (24.21%) 90	
Abdominal pain upper			

subjects affected / exposed	20 / 248 (8.06%)	21 / 252 (8.33%)	
occurrences (all)	31	25	
Vomiting			
subjects affected / exposed	50 / 248 (20.16%)	50 / 252 (19.84%)	
occurrences (all)	71	73	
Abdominal pain			
subjects affected / exposed	22 / 248 (8.87%)	15 / 252 (5.95%)	
occurrences (all)	29	17	
Haemorrhoids			
subjects affected / exposed	22 / 248 (8.87%)	11 / 252 (4.37%)	
occurrences (all)	22	11	
Diarrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	152 / 248 (61.29%)	148 / 252 (58.73%)	
occurrences (all)	293	309	
Nausea			
subjects affected / exposed	151 / 248 (60.89%)	157 / 252 (62.30%)	
occurrences (all)	308	327	
Constipation			
subjects affected / exposed	57 / 248 (22.98%)	54 / 252 (21.43%)	
occurrences (all)	75	79	
Gastritis			
subjects affected / exposed	13 / 248 (5.24%)	5 / 252 (1.98%)	
occurrences (all)	14	6	
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders			
Onycholysis			
subjects affected / exposed	11 / 248 (4.44%)	13 / 252 (5.16%)	
occurrences (all)	11	13	
Dry skin			
subjects affected / exposed	38 / 248 (15.32%)	34 / 252 (13.49%)	
occurrences (all)	43	39	
Palmar-plantar erythrodysaesthesia syndrome			
subjects affected / exposed	17 / 248 (6.85%)	13 / 252 (5.16%)	
occurrences (all)	17	13	
Alopecia			

subjects affected / exposed	196 / 248 (79.03%)	184 / 252 (73.02%)	
occurrences (all)	196	188	
Rash			
subjects affected / exposed	46 / 248 (18.55%)	56 / 252 (22.22%)	
occurrences (all)	56	75	
Pruritus			
subjects affected / exposed	29 / 248 (11.69%)	25 / 252 (9.92%)	
occurrences (all)	35	29	
Nail disorder			
subjects affected / exposed	16 / 248 (6.45%)	17 / 252 (6.75%)	
occurrences (all)	18	17	
Nail discolouration			
subjects affected / exposed	23 / 248 (9.27%)	17 / 252 (6.75%)	
occurrences (all)	23	17	
Dermatitis			
subjects affected / exposed	19 / 248 (7.66%)	14 / 252 (5.56%)	
occurrences (all)	20	14	
Erythema			
subjects affected / exposed	22 / 248 (8.87%)	14 / 252 (5.56%)	
occurrences (all)	26	14	
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders			
Pain in extremity			
subjects affected / exposed	22 / 248 (8.87%)	25 / 252 (9.92%)	
occurrences (all)	26	30	
Back pain			
subjects affected / exposed	25 / 248 (10.08%)	15 / 252 (5.95%)	
occurrences (all)	32	20	
Myalgia			
subjects affected / exposed	67 / 248 (27.02%)	52 / 252 (20.63%)	
occurrences (all)	80	63	
Muscle spasms			
subjects affected / exposed	21 / 248 (8.47%)	18 / 252 (7.14%)	
occurrences (all)	23	20	
Musculoskeletal pain			

subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	8 / 248 (3.23%) 9	13 / 252 (5.16%) 18	
Bone pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	20 / 248 (8.06%) 24	13 / 252 (5.16%) 19	
Arthralgia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	71 / 248 (28.63%) 91	82 / 252 (32.54%) 106	
Infections and infestations			
Urinary tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	18 / 248 (7.26%) 22	16 / 252 (6.35%) 20	
Paronychia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	20 / 248 (8.06%) 21	12 / 252 (4.76%) 14	
Rhinitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	14 / 248 (5.65%) 15	13 / 252 (5.16%) 17	
Upper respiratory tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	34 / 248 (13.71%) 43	24 / 252 (9.52%) 37	
Nasopharyngitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	33 / 248 (13.31%) 40	36 / 252 (14.29%) 39	
Cystitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	8 / 248 (3.23%) 8	13 / 252 (5.16%) 14	
Metabolism and nutrition disorders			
Hypokalaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	16 / 248 (6.45%) 17	22 / 252 (8.73%) 24	
Decreased appetite subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	43 / 248 (17.34%) 50	51 / 252 (20.24%) 70	

**More information**

**Substantial protocol amendments (globally)**

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

Date	Amendment
12 October 2018	Protocol version 2 provided additional clarifications and corrected inconsistencies regarding the inclusion criteria, observation periods following IMPs administration, management of hypersensitivity, tumor staging, PK sampling process, reasons for discontinuation, and LVEF assessments. None of these updates constituted a major change to the protocol.

Notes:

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**Interruptions (globally)**

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

**Limitations and caveats**

None reported